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| **Core Knowledge Map** | | | |
| Subject: Beliefs and Values | Year: 7 | | Term: Autumn term 1 |
| What are we learning? | | | |
| How relevant are beliefs, values and religious worldviews in the world today? | | | |
| How will I be assessed | | | |
| Knowledge test | | | |
| Big questions: | | | |
| * What does it mean to be a global citizen in Beliefs and Values? * What is a belief? * What is a worldview and what influences it? * How did religious worldviews begin and what is a sociologist worldview? * What are the six main religious worldviews? * What do the different religious worldviews have in common? * How can people’s beliefs and worldviews influence how they live? | | | |
| How does this build on previous learning? | | How will this link to my future learning? | |
| Building on knowledge of different religions from KS2. | | Year 7 unit 2 an introduction to each of the world religions.  Year 7 unit 3 a study of Gandhi and Martin Luther King as an example of how beliefs can motivate actions.  A base for all future units in KS3 learning about others beliefs. | |
| Core knowledge: | | Key vocabulary: | |
| Definition of fact, belief and opinion.  Influences on an individuals worldview  The origins of religion  UK census data on religious belief  An overview of the 6 world religions.  Golden rule of each religious world view  What religious worldviews have in common | | **Monotheism** – One God  **Polytheism** – More than one God  **Worldview** – Our way of seeing the world  **Animism** – Spirits living in all elements of the environment  **Multifaith** - A multi-faith or a multi-cultural society is where lots of different faiths live side-by-side.  **Belief** - Having faith in something where there might be no proof.  **Opinion** – A personal view or judgement  **Fac**t - A truth known by experience/observation. Something that exists or has happened.  **Golden Rule** - The Golden Rule is the principle of treating others as one wants to be treated.  **Census** – A survey of the population of a country  **Dharmic** – Eastern world view (Hinduism, Sikhism, Buddhism)  **Abrahamic** – Western world view (Christianity, Islam, Judaism)  **Sociologist** – Someone who study’s society | |
| Need more help? | | | |
| [The Purpose of Belief (learnreligions.com)](https://www.learnreligions.com/what-is-belief-249805#:~:text=A%20belief%20is%20a%20mental%20attitude%20that%20some,between%20the%20presence%20or%20absence%20of%20a%20belief.) | | | |