AQA GCSE Chemistry: Foundation Tier

Advance Information of Assessed Content 2022

Link to specification: GCSE Chemistry Specification Specification for first teaching in 2016 (aqa.org.uk)

Link to advance information document: <u>Advanced information June</u> 2022 - GCSE Chemistry (8462) (aqa.org.uk)

AQA GCSE Chemistry: Foundation Tier Paper 1

Exam date: 27th May

All other specification points from C1, other than those on these pages that are explicitly omitted, **may still be assessed** in multiple choice questions/linked to a previous answer, so cannot be completely ignored in your revision.

Spec point	Concepts	Bitesize	YouTube
4.1.1 A simple model of the atom, symbols, relative formula mass, electronic charge and isotopes	 Define element, compound and mixture The history and development of the atom Mass and charge of protons, neutrons and electrons Draw electronic structure Write word equations for chemical reactions 	https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesiz e/guides/zg2h4qt/revision/1 https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesiz e/guides/zpbkh39/revision/1 https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesiz e/guides/z3sg2nb/revision/1	GCSE Chemistry - Atoms & Ions #1 – YouTube GCSE Chemistry - Elements, Isotopes & Relative Atomic Mass #2 – YouTube GCSE Chemistry - Electron Arrangement #4 – YouTube GCSE Chemistry - History of the Model of the Atom #6 - YouTube
4.1.2 The Periodic Table	 The Periodic Table is arranged in order of proton number What atoms of elements in the same group have in common development in the Periodic Table ions formed from metals and non-metals trends in physical and chemical properties of group 1,7 and 0 elements Reactions of group 1 and 7 elements 	https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesiz e/guides/z3sg2nb/revision/1 https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesiz e/guides/zg923k7/revision/1 https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesiz e/guides/zqwtcj6/revision/1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IdS9roW7lzM &t=119s https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uwzXfZoCP_k https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dZGDUKQa 6g https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HT1zAPQIBA Q
4.2.1 Chemical bonds, ionic, covalent and metallic	 Describe the process of ionic bonding Describe the process of covalent bonding Describe the process of metallic bonding explain chemical bonding in terms of electrostatic forces and the transfer or sharing of electrons. work out the charge on the ions of metals and nonmetals from the group number of the element, limited to the metals in Groups 1 and 2, and nonmetals in Groups 6 and 7 Describe the structure of ionic compounds Draw dot and cross diagrams for the molecules of hydrogen, chlorine, oxygen, nitrogen, hydrogen chloride, water, ammonia and methane Describe the structure of metals 	https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesiz e/guides/zyydng8/revision/1 https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesiz e/guides/zcpjfcw/revision/1 https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesiz e/guides/z8db7p3/revision/1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6DtrrWA5nk E https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lenvZEcMc60 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lhEm7aAKIDg https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5I_1jRGSR9E https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=b1y2Q6YX1b Q https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=A-wTpLPICd0&t=13s

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Spec point	Concepts	Bitesize	YouTube
4.2.2 How bonding and structure are related to the properties of a substance 4.2.4 Bulk and surface properties of matter including nanopartic les	 interpreting melting and boiling point data to determine state at a certain temp link energy needed to change state to strength of forces between particles state symbols describe & explain properties of ionic compounds describe & explain properties of simple covalent molecules describe & explain properties of polymers describe & explain properties of metals and alloys Nanoscience refers to structures that are 1–100 nm in size, of the order of a few hundred atoms. Nanoparticles, are smaller than fine particles (PM2.5), which have diameters between 100 and 2500 nm (1 x 10-7 m and 2.5 x 10-6 m). Coarse particles (PM10) have diameters between 1 x 10-5 m and 2.5 x 10-6 m. As the side of cube decreases by a factor of 10 the surface area to volume ratio increases by a factor of 10 Nanoparticles may have properties different from those for the same materials in bulk because of their high surface area to volume ratio. It may also mean that smaller quantities are needed to be effective than for materials with normal particle sizes. Uses of nanoparticles Calculate surface area to volume ratio 	https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/zyydng8/revision/1 https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/zcpifcw/revision/1 https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/z9twsrd/revision/1 https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/z8db7p3/revision/1 https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/z8m8pbk/revision/1	https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=leVxy7cjZMU https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=DECGNyC-x_s https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=EP0zfm_FVqc https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=A-wTpLPICd0 GCSE Chemistry - Nanoparticles #60 - YouTube
4.4.2 Reactions of Acids	 Naming Salts products of the reactions of acids and metals explain the reactions of metals and acids in terms of loss and gain of electrons produces of the reactions of acids and alkalis and insoluble bases products of the reactions of acids and metal carbonates pH scale and neutralisation difference between strong and weak acids 	https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/guides/zcjjfcw/revision/1	https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=ofw6oHSYGFI GCSE Science Revision Chemistry "Acids Reacting with Metals 2" - YouTube https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=QISsle_jSQ8

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Spec point	Concepts	Bitesize	YouTube		
4.4.2.3 and Required Practical 1: preparation of a pure, dry sample of soluble salts	 method of producing solid salt crystals from insoluble oxide or carbonate and acids identifying errors in methods and reagents 	https://www.bbc.co. uk/bitesize/guides/zc jjfcw/revision/6	https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=9GH95172Js 8&t=16s		
			GCSE Science Revision Chemistry "Strong and Weak Acids" – YouTube		
4.4.2.5 and Required practical 2: determination of the reacting volumes of solutions of a strong acid and a strong alkali by titration.	 Method control variables and how to monitor them quantitative analysis of results 	https://www.bbc.co. uk/bitesize/guides/zx 98pbk/revision/1	https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=saRBT5oZfh8 https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=vn3Rx3g1VP k https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=x8DLLCNMK As https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=ycC4oKteRJU		
Required Practical 4: investigate the variables that affect temperature changes in reacting solutions such as, eg acid plus metals, carbonates, neutralisations, displacement of metals	 Identifying independent, dependent, control variables Analysing results identifying exo and endothermic reactions from experimental results 	https://www.bbc.co. uk/bitesize/guides/z wfr2nb/revision/2	https://www.youtube.co m/watch?v=Bz0C9mmF2 tw		

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Spec point	Concepts	Bitesize	YouTube
4.5.1 Exothermic and endothermic reactions	 describe the law of the conservation of energy define exo and endothermic reactions and describe their features give examples of exo and endothermic reactions define activation energy represent exo and endothermic reactions with reaction profiles describe bond breaking in the reactants as an endothermic process describe bond formation in the products as an exothermic process calculate the energy transferred in chemical reactions using bond energies supplied Use energy change values to identify if a reaction is exo/endothermic 	https://www.bbc.co.uk /bitesize/guides/zwfr2 nb/revision/1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4HS6D0hTzdg https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dstRL5xB0Sk https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=it0HGXhxD-s https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eExCBkp4jB4
			https://www.youtube.com/w atch?v=PdValXAVUOc

This specification point will **not** be assessed on this paper:

Spec point

4.5.2 Chemical cells and fuel cells

AQA GCSE Chemistry: Foundation Tier Paper 2

Exam date: 20th June

All other specification points from C2, other than those on these pages that are explicitly omitted, **may still be assessed** in multiple choice questions/linked to a previous answer, so cannot be completely ignored in your revision.

Spec point	Spec point Concepts Bitesize		YouTube
4.6.1 Rate of Reaction	 Calculating the rate of a reaction Calculate the gradient of a tangent to the curve on these graphs as a measure of rate of reaction at a specific time. Describe collision theory Define activation energy Describe and explain the factors that increase the rate of reaction Describe and explain the effect of catalysts on rate of reaction 	https://www.bbc .co.uk/bitesize/g uides/z3nbqhv/r evision/1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UkrBJ6-uGFA https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GCR5xeduq2o https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-4HXaUBbv04 https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hel8fQjxcO8
Required Practical 5: investigate how concentration affects the rates of reaction by a method involving measuring the volume of a gas produced/change in colour	 identify independent, dependent and control variables describe how to measure the dependent variable analyse results and draw conclusions from graphed data calculate rate of reaction from data 	Required practical - measure the production of a gas - Rates of reaction - AQA - GCSE Chemistry (Single Science) Revision - AQA - BBC Bitesize	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N5p06i9ilmo https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Gl6LVl7oAlU
4.6.2 Reversible reactions and dynamic equilibrium	 Identify and give examples of reversible reactions Apply the conservation of energy to reversible reactions Define dynamic equilibrium 	https://www.bbc .co.uk/bitesize/g uides/zyhvw6f/re vision/1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=66qcNNJFy6E GCSE Science Revision Chemistry "Concentration and Reversible Reactions" – YouTube GCSE Science Revision Chemistry "Pressure and Reversible Reactions" – YouTube GCSE Science Revision Chemistry "Temperature and reversible reactions" – YouTube

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Exam date: 20th June

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Spec point	Concepts	Bitesize	YouTube
4.7.1 C arbon compounds as fuels and feedstock	 describe crude oil as a mixture of different length hydrocarbons define the term hydrocarbon identify the first 4 alkanes from their chemical formula and name them Describe the trend in properties as hydrocarbon chain length increases Describe and explain the process of fractional distillation describe the process of cracking describe the use of alkenes 	https://www.b bc.co.uk/bitesiz e/guides/zshv w6f/revision/1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CX2IYWggEBc https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3I7yCkSXPos https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7AWwjKbRa_o
Required practical 6 Investigate how paper chromatography can be used to separate and tell the difference between coloured substances. Students should calculate Rf values	 Describe reagents and positive results for each ion Describe method of chromatography Calculate Rf value: Rf = distance moved by substance distance moved by solvent 	https://www.b bc.co.uk/bitesiz e/guides/zqqtr wx/revision/3	GCSE Chemistry - Paper Chromatography #48 - YouTube
4.8.3 Identification of ions by chemical and spectroscopic means	 flame tests for cations Test and results for metal hydroxides (Mg, Al, ca, Cu (II), Fe (III), Fe (III) Tests for carbonate ions Test for halide ions Test for sulfate ions Explain how flame spectroscopy analyses metal ions in a substance State advantage of instrumental methods 	https://www.b bc.co.uk/bitesiz e/guides/zxtvw 6f/revision/1 https://www.b bc.co.uk/bitesiz e/guides/zqqtr wx/revision/1	GCSE Chemistry - Tests for Anions - Carbonate, Sulfate and Halide Ions #73 – YouTube GCSE Chemistry - Formation of Ions #11 – YouTube
Required practical 7: use of chemical tests to identify the ions in unknown single ionic compounds covering the ions from sections Flame tests through to Sulfates.	 Describe reagents and positive results for each ion Describe method of flame tests 	https://www.b bc.co.uk/bitesiz e/guides/zxtvw 6f/revision/1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Bd0A44Iv2OI&t=96s https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4iZRs4XIJOE https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=mWTgHjdea4Y https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fCZztwJmAl0

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Spec point	Concepts	YouTube	
4.9.1 The composition and evolution of the Earth's Atmosphere	 describe the composition of the current atmosphere describe the composition of the early atmosphere and explain theories of how the early atmosphere formed explain how the early atmosphere changed to that of the present atmosphere 	https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/gu ides/zg4qfcw/revision/1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v =t1Z3GlNldLA https://www.youtube.com/watch?v =l0h3M0Pso
4.10.2 Life cycle assessments and recycling	 Life cycle assessments (LCAs) are carried out to assess the environmental impact of products in each of these stages Describe the stages of an LCA Carry out an LCA for plastic vs paper bags Describe how to reduce the use of limited resources 	https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/gu ides/z96ydxs/revision/1	GCSE Chemistry - Life Cycle Assessments (LCAs) #58 - YouTube
4.10.1 Using the Earth's resources and obtaining potable water	 Describe the renewable and non-renewable resources that we get form the Earth and its atmosphere Define the term potable water Describe how potable water can be produced. Describe the differences in the treatment of waste water, salt water and ground water Describe and evaluate alternative methods of extracting metals e.g. phytomining and bioleaching 	https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/gu ides/zgqhcj6/revision/1 https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/gu ides/zpcjsrd/revision/1 Biological methods of metal extraction - Higher - Ways of reducing the use of resources - AQA - GCSE Chemistry (Single Science) Revision - AQA - BBC Bitesize	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v =-XczTGavTZU https://www.youtube.com/watch?v =n7pYRQs20bl https://www.youtube.com/watch?v =b5RVPauf4oM
Required practical 8: Analysis and purification of water samples from different sources, including pH, dissolved solids and distillation	Describe method to test for potable water including pH, dissolved solids and distillation	https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/gu ides/zpcjsrd/revision/1	Water Purification & Testing - GCSE Science Required Practical (Triple) - YouTube

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Spec point	Concepts	Bitesize	YouTube
4.10.4 The Haber process and the use of NPK fertilisers	 Describe the purpose of the Haber process, the reaction and raw materials involved interpret graphs of reaction conditions versus rate apply the principles of dynamic equilibrium in Reversible reactions and dynamic equilibrium (4.6.2) to the Haber process explain the trade-off between rate of production and position of equilibrium explain how the commercially used conditions for the Haber process are related to the availability and cost of raw materials and energy supplies, control of equilibrium position and rate Describe NPK fertilisers as formulations of various salts containing appropriate percentages of the elements. Describe the composition of NPK fertilisers and how they are made recall the names of the salts produced when phosphate rock is treated with nitric acid, sulfuric acid and phosphoric acid 	https://www.bbc.co. uk/bitesize/guides/z 9tvw6f/revision/1	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1_HoWz 5Kxfk https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HAkaD6- 7fgQ https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=rKzt9Bvv EeQ

This specification point will **not** be assessed on this paper:

Spec point

4.8.2 Identification of common gases